DRUG FOR VETERINARY USE

3360. Misbranding of Chic-Tone Co.'s inhalant for poultry. U. S. v. 14

Jugs * * *. (F. D. C. No. 30247. Sample No. 40367-K.)

LIBEL FILED: November 10, 1950, District of Maryland.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about September 6, 1950, by the Chic-Tone Co., from York, Pa.

PRODUCT: 14 1-gallon jugs of Chic-Tone Co.'s inhalant for poultry at Preston, Md.

LABEL, IN PART: "Percentage Composition By Volume Active Ingredients: Formaldehyde 7% (Equivalent to 17.50% U. S. P. Liquor Formaldehyde). Expectorant Oil (Oil of Eucalyptus U. S. P.) 1.17%. Boric Acid U. S. P. 0.78%. Ethyl Alcohol 7.89%. Inert material to make 100%."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Misbranding, Section 502 (a), the following statements in the labeling of the article were false and misleading since the article was not effective for the purposes stated and implied: "An Alleviant For Colds, Bronchitis, & Upper Respiratory Diseases Exciting a stimulating expectorant action to assist the birds in expelling accumulations of mucus from the upper respiratory tract."

DISPOSITION: December 18, 1950. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

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¹ (3357) Prosecution contested.

no littings

D. D. N. J., F. D. C. 3361–3380

Issued July 1951

FEDERAL SECURITY AGENCY

FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION

NOTICES OF JUDGMENT UNDER THE FEDERAL FOOD, DRUG, AND COSMETIC ACT

[Given pursuant to section 705 of the Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act]

3361-3380

DRUGS AND DEVICES

The cases reported herewith were instituted in the United States district courts by the United States attorneys, acting upon reports submitted by the Federal Security Agency, and include, where indicated, the results of investigations of the Agency, prior to the institution of the proceedings. Published by direction of the Federal Security Administrator.

CHARLES W. CRAWFORD, Commissioner of Food and Drugs. Washington, D. C., June 18, 1951.

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^{*}For presence of a habit-forming narcotic without warning statement, see Nos. 3365, 3367, 3369–3371; omission of, or unsatisfactory, ingredients statements. Nos. 3363, 3365, 3368, 3370; failure to bear a label containing an accurate statement of the quantity of the contents, Nos. 3363–3371; 3379; failure to bear a label containing the name and place of business of the manufacturer, packer, or distributor, Nos. 3364–3371, 3379.

DRUG ACTIONABLE BECAUSE OF POTENTIAL DANGER WHEN USED ACCORDING TO DIRECTIONS

3361. Misbranding of mineral oil. U. S. v. 20 Cartons * * * (F. D. C. No. 30503. Sample No. 7051-L.)

LIBEL FILED: January 30, 1951, Western District of Pennsylvania.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about December 13, 1950, by Certified Pharmacal Co., Inc., from New York, N. Y.

PRODUCT: 20 cartons, each containing 12 1-pint bottles, of mineral oil at Johnstown, Pa.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Misbranding, Section 502 (j), the article was dangerous to health when used in the dosage and with the frequency and duration prescribed, recommended, and suggested in its labeling, namely, "Infants * * * May be given ½ to 1 teaspoonful," since mineral oil when given to infants, sometimes is aspirated and causes lipoid pneumonia; and, Section 502 (f) (2), the article failed to bear adequate warnings against unsafe dosage and duration of administration since the labeling failed to warn that the article should not be taken at any time other than bedtime, or administered to infants except on advice of a physician.

DISPOSITION: March 27, 1951. Default decree of condemnation. The court ordered that the product be delivered to a local hospital.

NEW DRUG SHIPPED WITHOUT EFFECTIVE APPLICATION

3362. Misbranding of Tibione. U. S. v. 1 Drum * * *. (F. D. C. No. 30412. Sample No. 23054-L.)

Libel Filed: February 1, 1951, Southern District of New York; amended libel filed March 1, 1951.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about January 16, 1951, by the Berkeley Chemical Corp., from Berkeley Heights, N. J.

PRODUCT: 1 drum, containing 43 pounds, of *Tibione*. Examination disclosed that the product consisted of 4-acetylaminobenzal thiosemicarbazone, otherwise known as TB-1 or *Tibione*.

LABEL, IN PART: "Tibione-Synonym."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Section 505 (a), the libel charged as a first cause of action that the article was a new drug within the meaning of the law, and an application filed pursuant to the law was not effective with respect to the article.

The libel charged also as a second and alternative cause of action that the article was misbranded under Section 502 (f) (1), in that its labeling failed to bear adequate directions for use, and under Section 502 (f) (2), in that its labeling failed to bear such adequate warnings against unsafe dosage or duration of administration as are necessary for the protection of users.

DISPOSITION: March 26, 1951. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

DRUGS ACTIONABLE BECAUSE OF FAILURE TO BEAR ADEQUATE DIRECTIONS OR WARNING STATEMENTS*

3363. Misbranding of Benzedrine Sulfate tablets and methyltestosterone tablets.
U. S. v. Oliver W. Anderson (Wyre's Pharmacy). Plea of guilty. Fine

^{*}See also Nos. 3361, 3362.